

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY SPCC FIELD INSPECTION AND PLAN REVIEW CHECKLIST

ONSHORE FACILITIES (EXCLUDING OIL DRILLING, PRODUCTION AND WORKOVER)

Overview of the Checklist

This checklist is designed to assist EPA inspectors in conducting a thorough and nationally consistent inspection of a facility's compliance with the Spill Prevention, Control, and Countermeasure (SPCC) rule at 40 CFR part 112. It is a required tool to help federal inspectors (or their contractors) record observations for the site inspection and review of the SPCC Plan. While the checklist is meant to be comprehensive, the inspector should always refer to the SPCC rule in its entirety, the SPCC Regional Inspector Guidance Document, and other relevant guidance for evaluating compliance. This checklist must be completed in order for an inspection to count toward an agency measure (i.e., OEM inspection measures or GPRA). The completed checklist and supporting documentation (i.e. photo logs or additional notes) serve as the inspection report.

This checklist addresses requirements for onshore facilities including Tier II Qualified Facilities (excluding facilities involved in oil drilling, production and workover activities) that meet the eligibility criteria set forth in §112.3(g)(2).

Separate standalone checklists address requirements for:

Onshore oil drilling, production, and workover facilities including Tier II Qualified Facilities as defined in §112.3(g)(2);

Offshore drilling, production and workover facilities; and

Tier I Qualified Facilities (for facilities that meet the eligibility criteria defined in §112.3(g)(1))

Qualified facilities must meet the rule requirements in §112.6 and other applicable sections specified in §112.6, except for deviations that provide environmental equivalence and secondary containment impracticability determinations as allowed under §112.6.

The checklist is organized according to the SPCC rule. Each item in the checklist identifies the relevant section and paragraph in 40 CFR part 112 where that requirement is stated.

- Sections 112.1 through 112.5 specify the applicability of the rule and requirements for the preparation, implementation, and amendment of SPCC Plans. For these sections, the checklist includes data fields to be completed, as well as several questions with "yes," "no" or "NA" answers.
- Section 112.6 includes requirements for qualified facilities. These provisions are addressed in Attachment D.
- Section 112.7 includes general requirements that apply to all facilities (unless otherwise excluded).
- Sections 112.8 and 112.12 specify requirements for spill prevention, control, and countermeasures for onshore facilities (excluding production facilities).

The inspector needs to evaluate whether the requirement is addressed adequately or inadequately in the SPCC Plan and whether it is implemented adequately in the field (either by field observation or record review). For the SPCC Plan and implementation in the field, if a requirement is addressed adequately, mark the "Yes" box in the appropriate column. If a requirement is not addressed adequately, mark the "No" box. If a requirement does not apply to the particular facility or the question asked is not appropriate for the facility, mark as "NA". Discrepancies or descriptions of inspector interpretation of "No" vs. "NA" may be documented in the comments box subsequent to each section. If a provision of the rule applies only to the SPCC Plan, the "Field" column is shaded.

Space is provided throughout the checklist to record comments. Additional space is available as Attachment E at the end of the checklist. Comments should remain factual and support the evaluation of compliance.

Attachments

- Attachment A is for recording information about containers and other locations at the facility that require secondary containment.
- Attachment B is a checklist for documentation of the tests and inspections the facility operator is required to keep with the SPCC Plan.
- Attachment C is a checklist for oil spill contingency plans following 40 CFR 109. Unless a facility has submitted a Facility Response Plan (FRP) under 40 CFR 112.20, a contingency plan following 40 CFR 109 is required if a facility determines that secondary containment is impracticable as provided in 40 CFR 112.7(d). The same requirement for an oil spill contingency plan applies to the owner or operator of a facility with qualified oil-filled operational equipment that chooses to implement alternative requirements instead of general secondary containment requirements as provided in 40 CFR 112.7(k).
- Attachment D is a checklist for Tier II Qualified Facilities.
- Attachment E is for recording additional comments or notes.
- Attachment F is for recording information about photos.

ACILITY INFORMATION			and the second s
ACILITY NAME: Tradopoin	+ A Hantic		
ATITUDE: 39.225074	LONGITUDE: -076.	470025	GPS DATUM:
ection/Township/Range:	FRS#/OI	L DATABASE ID:	23-MD-00+56 ICIS#:
DDRESS: 1606 Sparrows	Point Boulevard		
SITY: Baltimore	STATE: MD	ZIP: 3131	q COUNTY: Baltimore
MAILING ADDRESS (IF DIFFERENT FRO	OM FACILITY ADDRESS – IF NOT, PRINT	T'SAME'): SAME	
		710.	COUNTY:
DITY: (b) (4)	STATE:	ZIP:	(b) (4)
TELEPHONE:	FACILITY COM	NTACT NAME/TITL	E:
OWNER NAME: Trade poin	+ Atlanticuc		
OWNER ADDRESS: 1600 Sp	amous Point Blu	9	COUNTY: 21219
CITY: Baltimore	STATE: MID	ZIP:	(b) (4)
TELEPHONE:	FAX:		EMAIL: (
FACILITY OPERATOR NAME (IF D	IFFERENT FROM OWNER - IF NOT, PR	INT SAME): SA	46
OPERATOR ADDRESS:		:t *	
CITY:	STATE:	ZIP:	COUNTY:
TELEPHONE:	OPERATOR O	CONTACT NAME/T	ITLE:
FACILITY TYPE: BULLIQUE	d terminal		NAICS CODE: 424710
HOURS PER DAY FACILITY ATT	CV- Sept-CHORNE-	TOTAL FA	CILITY CAPACITY: 41,607 gallons
TYPE(S) OF OIL STORED: (a.c.		Hadraulic oil	Grease, Lube Oil
LOCATED IN INDIAN COUNTRY			
INSPECTION/PLAN REVIEW			
PLAN REVIEW DATE: 12/21/	DEVIEWED	NAME: Rachel	Simkins
INSPECTION DATE: 1/291	TIME.	S am ACTIV	17Y ID NO: SPCC - MD - 2017 - 000004
LEAD INSPECTOR: TZachel	14		
OTHER INSPECTOR(S): W			
INSPECTION ACKNOWLED			NAME OF STREET
I performed an SPCC inspection		re.	d Control of the Cont
	1		DATE: 12/21/16
INSPECTOR SIGNATURE: 2			/ /
SUPERVISOR REVIEW/SIGNA	TURE: Jan Man	ationa	DATE: 1/5/2017
	il Production)	D 2 2 4 14	December 2012 (12-10

PCC GENERAL APPLICABILITY-40 CFR 112.1	
IS THE FACILITY REGULATED UNDER 40 CFR part 112?	
The completely buried oil storage capacity is over 42,000 U.S. gal oil storage capacity is over 1,320 U.S. gallons AND	llons, OR the aggregate aboveground Yes No
The facility is a non-transportation-related facility engaged in drilling processing, refining, transferring, distributing, using, or consuming location could reasonably be expected to discharge oil into or upo States	
FFECTED WATERWAY(S): Patapsco River	DISTANCE: / Y.
. LOW PATH TO WATERWAY:	DISTANCE: < 1/4 mile
South through facility	
	195
ote: The following storage capacity is not considered in determining applicability	the of SPCC requirements.
Equipment subject to the authority of the U.S. Department of Transportation, U.S. Department of the Interior, or Minerals	· Containers smaller than 55 U.S. gallons;
Wallagement Service, as defined in Memoranda of Lindage and a discourse of the service of the se	Permanently closed containers (as defined in §112.2);
November 24, 1971, and November 8, 1993; Tank trucks that return to an otherwise regulated facility that contain only residual amounts of oil (EPA Policy letter)	 Motive power containers(as defined in §112.2);
 Completely buried tanks subject to all the technical requirements of 40 CFR part 280 or a state program approved under 40 CFR part 281; 	 Hot-mix asphalt or any hot-mix asphalt containers; Heating oil containers used solely at a single-family residence;
· Underground oil storage tanks deferred under 40 CEP port 200 that	Pesticide application equipment and related mix containers;
supply emergency diesel generators at a nuclear power generation facility licensed by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) and subject to any NRC provision regarding design and quality criteria, including but not limited to CFR part 50;	Any milk and milk product container and associated piping and appurtenances; and
Any facility or part thereof used exclusively for wastewater treatment (production, recovery or recycling of oil is not considered wastewater treatment); (This does not include other oil containers located at a wastewater treatment facility, such as generator tanks or transformers)	Intra-facility gethering lines subject to the regulatory requirements of 49 CFR part 192 or 195.
Does the facility have an SPCC Plan?	☑ Yes ☐ No
ACILITY RESPONSE PLAN (FRP) APPLICABILITY-40 CFR	
non-transportation related onshore facility is required to prepare and in	mplement on EDD - III - III - III
The facility transfers oil over water to or from vessels and has a 42,000 U.S. gallons, OR	total oil storage capacity greater than or equal to
The facility has a total oil storage capacity of at least 1 million U.	S. dallons AND at least one of the following in the
tank plus sufficient freeboard for precipitation.	ciently large to contain the capacity of the largest aboveground
The facility is located at a distance such that a discharge environments.	ge could cause injury to fish and wildlife and sensitive
The facility is located such that a discharge would shut	down a public drinking water intake
The facility has had a reportable discharge greater than	or equal to 10,000 U.S. gallons in the past 5 years
acility has FRP: LI Yes LI No LI NA	FRP Number: N/A
acility has a completed and signed copy of Appendix C, Attachment C-l Certification of the Applicability of the Substantial Harm Criteria."	II. Yes No
omments: Missing Ques 5 on Sub Harm form	LE 163 LETIVO

CC TIER II Q	UALIFIED FACILITY APPLICABILIT	i a lless estate AMD		Yes No
the three years sility has been it	oveground oil storage capacity is 10,000 to prior to the SPCC Plan self-certification do noperation for less than three years), the targe as described in §112.1(b) exceeding as described in §112.1(b) each exceeding	facility has <u>NOT</u> had: 1,000 U.S. gallons, <u>OR</u> ng 42 U.S. gallons within any twei	the rule (if the	□Yes □No NA □Yes □Nc NA
1 Wo discharge		EN THE FACILITY IS A TIER II C R FIER II QUALIFIED FACILITY (TAL WALL STATE OF THE PARTY OF	TY
	SEE ATTACHMENT DIFO	K HEITH GOILENIA		是这些是是是这个人的,但是这种是是是是
ate facility begs	n operations: 1887 - Pennsylvani	a Steel Company	12/22/	
ate of initial SP	CC Plan preparation: 2014	Current Plan version (date/numb	ei). 171746	
112.3(a)	For facilities (except farms), including a in operation on or prior to November implemented by November 10, 2011 Beginning operations after November before beginning operations.	i		Yes No NA
12	For farms (as defined in §112.2): In operation on or prior to August 16 implemented by May 10, 2013 Beginning operations after August 1 fully implemented by May 10, 2013 Beginning operations after May 10, beginning operations	6, 2002 through May 10, 2013: PI 2013: Plan prepared and fully imp	an prepared and lemented before	Yes No XNA Yes No XNA Yes No XNA Yes No No NA
112.3(d)	Plan is certified by a registered Profession PE attests: PE is familiar with the requirements PE or agent has visited and examinate of applicable industry standards and procedures for required inspections. Plan is adequate for the facility	of 40 CFR part 112 ned the facility n good engineering practice includ d the requirements of 40 CFR par	ling consideration t 112	Yes No NA
(b) ((4) License No. (b) (4)	State: MD	Date of certification	21/11/61 :ud
PE Name: 112.3(e)(1	in the specific if offended at l	east 4 hours per day. If facility is u	nattended, Plan is	Yes I No I NA
	tradepoint Atlantic acquired thestation says Plan is "belie		the facility)

Oil discharges that result from natural disasters, acts of war, or terrorism are not included in this determination. The gallon amount(s) specified (either 1,000 or 42) refers to the amount of oil that actually reaches navigable waters or adjoining shorelines not the total amount of oil spilled. The entire volume of the discharge is oil for this determination.

An owner/operator who self-certifies a Tier II SPOC Plan may include environmentally equivalent alternatives and/or secondary containment impracticability determinations when reviewed and certified by a PE.

MENDMEN	T OF SPCC PLAN	BY REGIONAL ADMINIS	STRATOR (RA)-4	O CFR 112.4	Sept.	
112.4(a),(6	Has the facility disc	charged more than 1,000 U.S S. gallons in each of two rep	S mallone of the co	THE COMING STORY, WASHING, 1955, 1950, 1950	☐ Yes	⊠ No
If YES	Was informati	on submitted to the RA as re	entired in Ed. 10 44-104	any 12-month penod?		
	 vvas informati 	on submitted to the appropri-	ole ceres	o in about 15 11	☐ Yes	DNO NO
2		ol activities in the State in wholume(s) of reportable discha			Yes	□No 図h
		narges reported to the NRC5			□ Vec	DNO NA
112.4(d),(e)	Have changes requ	ired by the RA been implem	ented in the Plan and/	or facility?		ONO DIN
omments:	Jo spill history					
	1 1131013					
MENDMENT	OF SPCC PLAN	BY THE OWNER OR OPI	ERATOR-40 CFR	112.5		
112.5(a)	Has there been a ch	ange at the facility that mate	rially affects the noter	itial for a discharge	7-7	
		(-)·		iuai iui a discharge	Yes	No No
If YES	Was the Plan a	mended within six months o	f the change?		□ Ves	□ No NK
440 5/61	Were amendment	ents implemented within six i	months of any Plan an	nendment?		No NA
112.5(0)	Keview and evaluati	on of the Plan completed at	least once every 5 year	ars?		□ No ⊠ NA
		w, was Plan amended within ol technology that has been arge described in §112.1(b)?		more effective antly reduce the		□ No ☑ NA
	Amendments implem	nented within six months of a	Inv Plan amendment?			
	Five year Plan review	v and evaluation documente	d?			No 🗵 NA
112.5(c)	Professional Enginee	er certification of any technicants of §112.3(d) [Except for	-1 DI	n accordance with all		No NA
ne:		License No.:	State:	Date of certification:		
son for amen	dment:			The second secon		
nments:			3			
0)	- 4 - 1 - 1 2 - 2 - 2					
11 an 15	other initial	5 year period, not	due for review			
				20		
				₩		

A reportable discharge is a discharge as described in §112.1(b)(see 40 CFR part 110). The gallon amount(s) specified (either 1,000 or 42) refers to the mount of oil that actually reaches navigable waters or adjoining shorelines not the total amount of oil spilled. The entire volume of the discharge is oil

Triggering this threshold may disqualify the facility from meeting the Qualified Facility criteria if it occurred in the three years prior to self certification inspector Note-Confirm any spills identified above were reported to NRC

NERAL SP	CO REQUIR	REMENTS	40 CF	R 112.7					RLAN				
nagement ap	proval at a le	vel of autho	ority to co	mmit the ne				Yes	100				
an follows seq	uence of the	C1055-161611	orioc o. P					Yes					
Plan calls for f	facilities, proc	edures, me d start-up a	11 - 1	winmont	not yet f Relevant	ully operat	tional, ction			⊠ NA			
112.7(a)(2)	The Plan ind (h)(2) and (3	cludes devi 3), and (i) a	ing applic	ant requirer	nents in	\$\$112.7(c)	and and	Yes	⊠ No	□ NA			
KVE6	(h)(1), 112.8	B(c)(2),112	asons fo	r nonconfor	mance					⊠ NA			NIA
If YES	Alternate environ	tive measu mental pro	res descr tection (f equivale	ribed in deta Note: Inspec ence is imple description	ail and pr ctor shou emented			Yes	∐ No	⊠ NA	L Yes	S LIN	 IN
escribe each	deviation and	reasons fo	or noncor	nformance:	No d	eviatio	ins			8			24
\$X							(i)						
Cross-ref	erence or	ily gor	s to	11a.7 (K	-)								
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			2 22/24 SH		reas r ^{FR}	8 18		10 200 - 7					
			2 2200 24		e east of th	e e		ti en et			е 2 н — я 3		
			2. 1400- 0 4		o established	v		ti es et					
			2. PATES DE		e ees e ^{r e}	¥ 8 8		en et.					
			2. 22000 See		e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	₹ 3 %							
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										ie			*

⁶ May be part of the Plan or demonstrated elsewhere. Onshore Facilities (Excluding Oil Production)

1.00		PLAN	FIELD
112.7(a)(3)	that identifies: Location and contents of all regulated fixed oil storage containers Storage areas where mobile or portable containers are located Completely buried tanks otherwise exempt from the SPCC requirements (marked as "exempt") Transfer stations Connecting pipes, including intra-facility gathering lines that are otherwise exempt from the requirements of this part under §112.1(d)(11)	Yes No	Yes No
	Plan addresses each of the following:		
(1)	For each fixed container, type of oil and storage capacity (see Attachment A of this checklist). For mobile or portable containers, type of oil and storage capacity for each container or an estimate of the potential number of mobile or portable containers, the types of oil, and anticipated storage capacities	⊠Yes □ No	Yes No
(ii)	Discharge prevention measures, including procedures for routine handling of products (loading, unloading, and facility transfers, etc.)	☑Yes ☐No	Yes No
! (iii) 	Discharge or drainage controls, such as secondary containment around containers, and other structures, equipment, and procedures for the control of a discharge	☐Yes ☒No	☑Yes ☐No
(iv)	Countermeasures for discharge discovery, response, and cleanup (both facility's and contractor's resources)	⊠Yes □No	Yes No
(v)	Methods of disposal of recovered materials in accordance with applicable legal requirements	☑ Yes ☐ No	
(vi)	Contact list and phone numbers for the facility response coordinator, National Response Center, cleanup contractors with an agreement for response, and all Federal, State, and local agencies who must be contacted in the case of a discharge as described in §112.1(b)	☑ Yes ☐ No	
112.7(a)(4)	Estimates of the total quantity discharged; Estimates of the quantity discharged; Estimates of the quantity discharged as described in 5112 1/b); Whether an evacuation of the quantity discharged as	ected media; rge; caused by the discharge; o stop, remove, and the discharge; ion may be needed; and	
112.7(a)(5)	Does not apply if the facility has submitted a FRP under §112.20: Plan organized so that portions describing procedures to be used when a discharge occurs will be readily usable in an emergency	Yes No NA	
112.7(b)	Plan includes a prediction of the direction, rate of flow, and total quantity of oil that could be discharged for each type of major equipment failure where experience indicates a reasonable potential for equipment failure	Yes No NA	
Comments:			
Plan State planthe f secondar	y diagram > several figures with varying informs that transformers have no secondary contains accility no longer has. All transformers observed containment in the form of concrete dikes.	ment and referen	ces a contrigency specton had
4 Iranspino	ers are not included in equipment failure scene	2C, YA	

.1		PLAN FIELD
	Dikes, berms, or retaining wais sumostay impervious to contain oil; Curbing or drip pans; Sumps and collection systems; Sumps and collection systems; Sorbent mater	provided to prevent a discharge as described in qualified operational equipment. The taining oil and are constructed to prevent its. The method, design, and capacity for ely quantity of oil that would be discharged. or other barriers, pond; des; or itals.
	Identify which of the following are present at the facility and if appropriate equipment are provided as described above: Bulk storage containers Mobile/portable containers Oil-filled operational equipment (as defined in 112.2) Other oil-filled equipment (i.e., manufacturing equipment) Piping and related appurtenances	Yes No NA
112.7(d)	above: Secondary containment for one (or more) of the following provisions is determined to be impracticable: General secondary containment \$112.7(c) Loading/unloading rack \$112.7(h)(1) Mobile/portable containers \$\$112.8(c)(11)/ 112.12(c)(11) 112.12(c)(11)	☐ Yes ☑ No
If YES	 The impracticability of secondary containment is clearly demonstrated and described in the Plan For bulk storage containers, periodic integrity testing of containers and integrity and leak testing of the associated valves and piping is conducted (Does not apply if the facility has submitted a FRP under §112.20): Contingency Plan following the provisions of 40 CFR part 109 is provided (see Attachment C of this checklist) AND Written commitment of manpower, equipment, and materials required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil 	□Yes □No □NA □Yes □No ☑NA The state of
Comments: Sec trans	discharged that may be harmful	

Onshore Facilities (Excluding Oil Production)

⁸ These additional requirements apply only to bulk storage containers, when an impracticability determination has been made by the PE December 2012 (12-10-12) Page 8 of 14

446.71		PLAN	FIELD
112.7(e	procedures	☐ Yes ☑ No	☐ Yes ☑ No
	Record of inspections or tests signed by supervisor or inspector Kept with Plan for at least 3 years (see Attachment B of this	☐ Yes ☑ No	☐ Yes ☒ No
112.7(1)	SHOCKIBLY	☑Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☒ No
	and an algeria ge prevention procedures		
(1)	equipment to prevent discharges; discharge procedure protocols; applicable pollution control laws, rules, and regulations; general facility operations; and contents of SPCC Plan	⊠Yes □No □NA	☐Yes ☒No ☐h
(2)	facility and reports to facility management	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	☑Yes ☐No ☐N
(3)	Discharge prevention briefings conducted at least once a year for oil handling personnel to assure adequate understanding of the Plan. Briefings highlight and describe known discharges as described in §112.1(b) or failures, malfunctioning components, and any recently developed precautionary measures	⊠Yes □No □NA	Yes No No
112.7(g)	Plan describes how to: Secure and control access to the oil handling, processing and storage areas; Secure master flow and drain valves; Prevent unauthorized access to starter controls on oil pumps; Secure out-of-service and loading/unloading connections of oil pipelines; and Address the appropriateness of security lighting to both prevent acts of vandalism and assist in the discovery of oil discharges.	Yes No NA	Yes No No
112.7(h)	Tank car and tank truck loading/unloading rack ¹⁰ is present at the feet		_
	Loading/unloading rack means a fixed structure (such as a platform, gangway) car, which is located at a facility subject to the requirements of this part. A loadi and may include any combination of the following: piping assemblages, valves, safety devices.	necessary for loading or union	Yes No pading a tank truck or tan loading or unloading arm parfill sensors, or personne
If YES (1)	Does loading/unloading rack drainage flow to catchment basin or treatment facility designed to handle discharges or use a quick drainage system?	☐Yes ☐ No ☒ NA	☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA
	Containment system holds at least the maximum capacity of the largest single compartment of a tank car/truck loaded/unloaded at the facility	☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ NA	Yes No NA
(2)	An interlocked warning light or physical barriers, warning signs, wheel chocks, or vehicle brake interlock system in the area adjacent to the loading or unloading rack to prevent vehicles from departing before complete disconnection of flexible or fixed oil transfer lines	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
(3)	Lower-most drains and all outlets on tank cars/trucks inspected prior to filling/departure, and, if necessary ensure that they are tightened, adjusted, or replaced to prevent liquid discharge while in transit	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	Yes No 🛮 NA
mments:			
acility u	on procedures do not cover frequency for done	sidnes trace	
	rection records are signed	hid coming /	cocker
Facility w	ias not conducting spec training or discharge	- prevention br	spector
		7.7c.	

Records of inspections and tests kept under usual and customary business practices will suffice Note that a tank car/truck loading/unloading rack must be present for §112.7(h) to apply Inshore Facilities (Excluding Oil Production) Page 9 of 14

TO SECURITY OF		PLAN	FIELD
112.7(i)	Brittle fracture avaluation of field-constructed aboveground containers is conducted after tank repair, alteration, reconstruction, or change in service that might affect the risk of a discharge or after a discharge/failure due to brittle fracture or other catastrophe, and appropriate action taken as necessary (applies to only field-constructed aboveground containers)		X Yes ONG ONA
112.7(j)	Discussion of conformance with applicable more stringent State rules, regulations, and guidelines and other effective discharge arrangement and containment procedures listed in 40 CFR part 112	IX Yes □ No □ NA	
112.7(k)	Cualified oil-filled operational equipment is present at the facility. Oil-filled operational equipment means equipment that includes an oil storage present solely to support the function of the apparatus or the device. Oil-filled container, and does not include oil-filled manufacturing equipment (flow-throug equipment include, but are not limited to, hydraulic systems, lubricating system rotating equipment, including pumpjack lubrication systems), gear boxes, mad transformers, circuit breakers, electrical switches, and other systems contains Check which apply: Secondary Containment provided in accordance with 112.7(c) Alternative measure described below (confirm eligibility)	gh process). Examples of on ms (e.g., those for pumps, of	Impressors and other tirensfor systems, eration of the device.
112.7(k)	Qualified Oil-Filled Operational Equipment Has a single reportable discharge as described in §112.1(b) from operational equipment exceeding 1,000 U.S. gallons occurred with prior to Pian certification date? Have two reportable discharges as described in §112.1(b) from operational equipment each exceeding 42 U.S. gallons occurred period within the three years prior to Plan certification date?	any oil-filled I within any 12-month	☐Yes ☑No ☐N
	 Facility precedure for inspections or monitoring program to detect equipment failure and/or a discharge is established and documented Does not apply if the facility has submitted a FRP under §112.2 Contingency plan following 40 CFR part 109 (see Attachment C of this checklist) is provided in Plan AND Written commitment of manpower, equipment, and materials required to expeditiously control and remove any quantity of oil discharged that may be harmful is provided in Plan 	0: OYes ONO MAN	A LI Yes LI 100 Leg.
	subject to brillicfractire are permainently close of former containment comment on page 7	g	

This provision does not apply to oil-filled manufacturing equipment (flow-through process)

12 Oil discharges that result from natural disasters, acts of war, or terrorism are not included in this determination. The gallon amount(s) spacified (either 1,000 or 42) refers to the amount of oil that actually reaches navigable waters or adjoining shorelines not the total amount of oil spilled. The entire 1,000 or 42) refers to the amount of oil that actually reaches navigable waters or adjoining shorelines not the total amount of oil spilled. The entire 1,000 or 42) refers to the discharge is oil for this determination. December 2012 (12-10-12)

	8/112.12	PLAN	FIELD
12.8(b)/ 112.	12(b) Facility Drainage		New York Daniel Control and Control
Diked Areas	Drainage from diked storage areas is:	Yes No DNA	Yes INO INA
(1)	 Restrained by valves, except where facility systems are designed to control such discharge, <u>OR</u> 	A 160 PAND ENA	MARS FIND FINA
	 Manually activated pumps or ejectors are used and the condition of the accumulation is inspected prior to draining dike to ensure no oil will be discharged 	452	
(2)	Diked storage area drain valves are manual, open-and-closed design (not flapper-type drain valves)	Yes No DNA	
	If drainage is released directly to a watercourse and not into an onsite wastewater treatment plant, retained storm water is inspected and discharged per §§112.8(c)(3)(ii), (iii), and (iv) or §§112.12(c)(3)(ii), (iii), and (iv).	XYes No DNA	☐Yes ☑No ☐NA
Indiked Areas (3)	Drainage from undiked areas with a potential for discharge designed to flow into ponds, lagoons, or catchment basins to retain oil or return it to facility. Catchment basin located away from flood areas. 13	Yes No Na	Yes No Na
(4)	If facility drainage not engineered as in (b)(3) (i.e., drainage flows into ponds, lagoons, or catchment basins) then the facility is equipped with a diversion system to retain oil in the facility in the event of an uncontrolled discharge. 14	☐Yes ☐No ☒NA	Yes No KNA
(5)	Are facility drainage waters continuously treated in more than one treatment unit and pump transfer is needed?	Yes No NA	☐Yes ☐No 図NA
If YES	Two "lift" pumps available and at least one permanently installed	☐Yes ☐No ☒NA	☐Yes ☐No ☒NA
	 Facility drainage systems engineered to prevent a discharge as described in §112.1(b) in the case of equipment failure or human error 	☐Yes ☐No ☒NA	
Storm w	and discoss drainage from diked areas Re		
			9
12.8(c)/112.12	(c) Bulk Storage Containers		3
Bulk storage of prior to use, while storage contain		erating, or manufacturing eq	uipment is not a bulk
Bulk storage of prior to use, wh storage contain If bulk storage	ontainer means any container used to store oil. These containers are used for pur hile being used, or prior to further distribution in commerce. Oil-filled electrical, opener. containers are not present, mark this section Not Applicable (NA). If present, com	erating, or manufacturing eq	ted to, the storage of oil uipment is not a bulk
Bulk storage of prior to use, while storage contain	ontainer means any container used to store oil. These containers are used for pur hile being used, or prior to further distribution in commerce. Oil-filled electrical, opener.	erating, or manufacturing eq	ted to, the storage of oil uipment is not a bulk
Bulk storage of prior to use, wh storage contain If bulk storage	container means any container used to store oil. These containers are used for purphile being used, or prior to further distribution in commerce. Oil-filled electrical, opener. containers are not present, mark this section Not Applicable (NA). If present, components materials and construction are compatible with material stored and conditions of storage such as pressure and temperature. Except for mobile refuelers and other non-transportation-related tank trucks, construct all bulk storage tank installations with secondary containment to hold capacity of largest container and sufficient freeboard for precipitation.	erating, or manufacturing eq	ted to, the storage of oil uipment is not a bulk nament A of this checklist.
Bulk storage or prior to use, what storage contain If bulk storage	container means any container used to store oil. These containers are used for purphile being used, or prior to further distribution in commerce. Oil-filled electrical, opener. containers are not present, mark this section Not Applicable (NA). If present, commerce and conditions of storage such as pressure and temperature Except for mobile refuelers and other non-transportation-related tank trucks, construct all bulk storage tank installations with secondary containment to hold capacity of largest container and sufficient freeboard for precipitation	plete this section and Attacl	ted to, the storage of oil uipment is not a bulk nament A of this checklist. Yes No NA

¹³ Oil discharges that result from natural disasters, acts of war, or terrorism are not included in this determination. The gallon amount(s) specified (either 1,000 or 42) refers to the amount of oil that actually reaches navigable waters or adjoining shorelines not the total amount of oil spilled. The entire volume of the discharge is oil for this determination.

14 These provisions apply only when a facility drainage system is used for containment; otherwise mark NA

		PLAN	FIELD
	Oronic designation of the state	Tyes No DNA	Ves ONO ONA
(£)	Is there drainage of uncontaminated rainwater from diked areas into a storm drain or open watercourse?	Tyes No NA	Nes No NA
IFYES	Bypass valve normally sealed closed		Yes No DNA
	 Retained rainwater is inspected to ensure that its presence will not cause a discharge as described in §112.1(b) 	OYes No DINA	Yes No DNA
	 Bypass valve opened and resealed under responsible supervision 	Yes No DANA	Tyes No DNA
=	 Adequate records of drainage are kept; for example, records required under permits issued in accordance with 40 CFR §§122.41(j)(2) and (m)(3) 	LI Yes Ja No Lawna	Li Yes Land Linn
(4)	For completely buried metallic tanks installed on or after January 10, 1974 (if not exempt from SPCC regulation because subject to all of the technical requirements of 40 CFR part 280 or 281):		Dv. Due DNA
	 Provide corrosion protection with coatings or cathodic protection compatible with local soil conditions 		Yes No NA
	Regular leak testing conducted	Yes No No NA	Tyes The Dina
(5)	The buried section of partially buried or bunkered metallic tanks protected from corrosion with coatings or cathodic protection compatible with local soil conditions	Yes No ZNA	Yes No Dina
(0)	That ar inspect each aboveground container for integrity on a	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
(6)	Techniques include, but are not limited to: visual inspection, hydrostatic testing, radiographic testing, ultrasonic testing, acoustic emissions testing, or other system of non-destructive		
	 Appropriate qualifications for personnel performing tests and inspections are identified in the Plan and have been assessed in accordance with industry standards 		☐ Yes ☒ No ☐ NA
	The frequency and type of testing and inspections are documented, are in accordance with industry standards and take into account the container size, configuration and design		☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ NA
	Comparison records of aboveground container integrity testing are maintained		☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ NA
	 Container supports and foundations regularly inspected 	Yes No NA	
	 Outside of containers frequently inspected for signs of deterioration, discharges, or accumulation of oil inside diked 	Yes DNo DNA	
	Records of all inspections and tests maintained 15		Yes No NA
Intersity Testin	g Standard identified in the Plan: API 653	Facility intends +	e do only visual
integrity restin	9	inspections for inter	grity by has
Nodrainag	erecords maintained for transformer dies	identified pri 6°	53 in plan
	y testing of a shop tanks Add visual inspection		
112.1 (c)(6)(i	Conduct formal visual inspection on a regular schedule for bulk storage containers that meet all of the following conditions:	∐Yes ∐No ⊠NA	Yes No No NA
(Applies)	to Subject to 21 CFR part 110, Have no external insulation, and	Annual Control of the	1 11 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	In addition, you must frequently inspect the outside of the container for signs of deterioration, discharges, or accumulation of oil inside	Yes No No NA	Yes □ No ☑ NA
	diked areas. You must determine and document in the Plan the appropriate qualifications for personnel performing tests and inspections. 15	Yes No No	Yes No MA

¹⁵ Records of inspections and tests kept under usual and customary business practices will suffice Onshore Facilities (Excluding Oil Production) Page 12 of 14

(7)	Lasksno ihrauph defective internal Lasksno ihrauph	PLAN	FIELD
(.)	Leakage through defective internal heating coils controlled:		
	 Steam returns and exhaust lines from internal heating coils that discharge into an open watercourse are monitored for contamination, <u>OR</u> 	Yes No No	Yes No No
	 Steam returns and exhaust lines pass through a settling tank, skimmer, or other separation or retention system 	Yes No NA	Yes No ZN
(8)	Each container is equipped with at least one of the following for liquid level sensing:	Yes DNo DNA	Yes DNo DN
	surveillance station, or audible air vent in smaller Fast response s	r code signal communication ation; ystem for determining liquid pulse, or direct vision gauges	lavel (avelove time
	flow at a predetermined contained and the	and overall tilling of Drik Col	itainers: or
(9)	Effluent treatment facilities observed frequently enough to detect possible system upsets that could cause a discharge as described in §112.1(b)	uid level sensing devices to	ensure proper operation. Zi Yes I No I NA
(10)	Visible discharges which result in a loss of oil from the container, including but not limited to seams, gaskets, piping, pumps, valves, rivets, and bolts are promptly corrected and oil in diked areas is promptly removed	☑Yes ☐No ☐NA	Yes No NA
(11)	Mobile or portable containers positioned to prevent a discharge as described in §112.1(b).	AYes No NA	Yes No NA
	Mobile or portable containers (excluding mobile refuelers and other non-transportation-related tank trucks) have secondary containment with sufficient capacity to contain the largest single compartment or container and sufficient freeboard to contain precipitation	Yes No NA	ØYes □No □NA
8(d)/112.12(d)Facility transfer operations, pumping, and facility process		
(1)	Buried piping installed or replaced on or after August 16, 2002 has protective wrapping or coating	☐Yes ☐No ☒NA	☐Yes ☐No ☒NA
	Buried piping installed or replaced on or after August 16, 2002 is also cathodically protected or otherwise satisfies corrosion protection standards for piping in 40 CFR part 280 or 281	□Yes □No 図NA	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA
	Buried piping exposed for any reason is inspected for deterioration; corrosion damage is examined; and corrective action is taken	☐Yes ☐No ☒NA	☐Yes ☐No ☐NA
100	Piping terminal connection at the transfer point is marked as to origin and capped or blank-flanged when not in service or in standby service for an extended time	☐Yes ☐No ☒NA	Yes No NA
(3)	Pipe supports are properly designed to minimize abrasion and corrosion and allow for expansion and contraction	Yes No NA	Yes No NA
	Aboveground valves, piping, and appurtenances such as flange joints, expansion joints, valve glands and bodies, catch pans, pipeline supports, locking of valves, and metal surfaces are inspected regularly to assess their general condition	☐Yes ☐No ☑NA	Yes No ANA
1.1	Integrity and leak testing conducted on buried piping at time of installation, modification, construction, relocation, or replacement	☐Yes ☐No ☒NA	Yes No No NA
(5)	Vehicles warned so that no vehicle endangers aboveground piping and other oil transfer operations	Yes No NA	Yes No KNA
nents:			
o above	ground piping cumently in service		

ATTACHMENT A: SPCC FIELD INSPECTION AND PLAN REVIEW TABLE

Documentation of Field Observations for Containers and Associated Requirements

ispectors should use this table to document observations of containers as needed.

Containers and Piping

heck containers for leaks, specifically looking for: drip marks, discoloration of tanks, puddles containing spilled or leaked material, prosion, cracks, and ocalized dead vegetation, and standards/specifications of construction.

Check aboveground container foundation for; cracks, discoloration, and puddles containing spilled or leaked material, settling, gaps between container and foundation, and damage caused by vegetation roots.

heck all piping for: droples of stored material, discoloration, corrosion, bowing of pipe between supports, evidence of stored laterial seepage from valves or seals, evidence of leaks, and localized dead vegetation. For all aboveground piping, include the general condition of flange joints, valve glands and bodies, drip pans, pipe supports, bleeder and gauge valves, and other such items "Document in comments section of §112.8(d) or 112.12(d).)

econdary Containment (Active and Passive)

Check secondary containment for containment system (including walls and floor) ability to contain oil such that oil will not escape the containment system before cleanup occurs, proper sizing, cracks, discoloration, presence of spilled or leaked material (standing guid), erosion, corrosion, penetrations in the containment system, and valve conditions.

heck dike or berm systems for: level of precipitation in dike/available capacity, operational status of drainage valves (closed), dike or berm impermeability, debris, erosion, impermeability of the earthen floor/walls of diked area, and location/status of pipes, inlets, drainage around and beneath containers, presence of oil discharges within diked areas.

heck drainage systems for: an accumulation of oil that may have resulted from any small discharge, including field drainage systems (such as drainage ditches or road ditches), and oil traps, sumps, or skimmers. Ensure any accumulations of oil have been

heck retention and drainage ponds for: erosion, available capacity, presence of spilled or leaked material, debris, and stressed egetation.

Check active measures (countermeasures) for: anyount indicated in plan is available and appropriate; deployment procedures are realistic; material is located so that they are readily available; efficacy of discharge detection; availability of personnel and training, ppropriateness of measures to prevent a discharge as described in §112.1(b).

Container ID/ General Condition 16 Aboveground or Buried Tank

Storage Capacity and Type of Oil

Type of Containment/ Drainage Control

Overfill Protection and Testing & Inspections

Identify each tank with either an A to indicate aboveground or B for completely buried Inshore Facilities (Excluding Oil Production) Page A-1 of 2

ATTACHMENT A: SPCC FIELD INSPECTION AND PLAN REVIEW TABLE Documentation of Field Observations for Containers and Associated Requirements

Container ID/ General Condition 17 Aboveground of Buried Tank	Storage Capacity and Type of Oil	Type of Containment/ Drainage Control	Overfill Protection and Testing & Inspections
Appregrating of particles and			
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		eo eo	
		N N NOTE THE REPORT OF THE RESIDENCE OF	

 $^{^{17}}$ Identify each tank with either an A to indicate aboveground or B for completely buried

ATTACHMENT B: SPCC INSPECTION AND TESTING CHECKLIST

Required Documentation of Tests and Inspections

lecords of inspections and tests required by 40 CFR part 112 signed by the appropriate supervisor or inspector must be kept by all acilities with the SPCC Plan for a period of three years. Records of inspections and tests conducted under usual and customary business practices will suffice. Documentation of the following inspections and tests should be kept with the SPCC Plan.

	Inspection or Test		Documentation		
		Present	Not Present	Not Applicabl	
112.7-Gene	eral SPCO Requirements		1	1	
(c	Integrity testing for bulk storage containers with no secondary containment system and for which an impracticability determination has been made				
(d	Integrity and leak testing of valves and piping associated with bulk storage containers with no secondary containment system and for which an impracticability determination has been made				
(h)(3	Inspection of lowermost drain and all outlets of tank car or tank truck prior to filling and departure from loading/unloading rack				
(i	Evaluation of field-constructed aboveground containers for potential for brittle fracture or other catastrophic failure when the container undergoes a repair, alteration, reconstruction or change in service or has discharged oil or failed due to brittle fracture failure or other catastrophe				
k(2)(i	Inspection or monitoring of qualified oil-filled operational equipment when the equipment meets the qualification criteria in §112.7(k)(1) and facility owner/operator chooses to implement the alternative requirements in §112.7(k)(2) that include an inspection or monitoring program to detect oil-filled operational equipment failure and discharges				
12.8/112.12	-Onshore Facilities (excluding oil production facilities)				
(b)(1), (b)(2)	Inspection of storm water released from diked areas into facility drainage directly to a watercourse				
(c)(3)	Inspection of rainwater released directly from tiked containment areas to a storm drain or open watercourse before release, open and release bypass valve under supervision, and records of drainage events				
(c)(4)					
(c)(6)					
(c)(6), (c)(10)					
(c)(6)	Frequent inspections of diked areas for accumulations of oil				
(c)(8)(v)	Regular testing of liquid level sensing devices to ensure proper operation				
(c)(9)	Frequent observations of effluent treatment facilities to detect possible system upsets that could cause a discharge as described in §112.1(b)				
(d)(1)					
	Regular inspections of aboveground valves, piping and appurtenances and assessments of the general condition of flange joints, expansion joints, valve glands and bodies, catch pans, pipeline supports, locking of valves, and metal surfaces	<u></u>			
(d)(4)	Integrity and leak testing of buried piping at time of installation, modification, construction, relocation or replacement				

ATTACHMENT C: SPCC CONTINGENCY PLAN REVIEW CHECKLIST

NA NA

CFR Part 109-Criteria for State, Local and Regional Oil Removal Contingency Plans

n SPCC Plan includes an impracticability determination for secondary containment in accordance with §112.7(d), the facility owner/operator is required to provide an oil spill contingency plan following 40 CFR part 109, unless he or she has submitted a FRP idea on the required alternatives to general secondary containment for qualified oil filled operational equipment in

09.5	-Development and implementation aritaria for State I		
15	Development and implementation criteria for State, local and regional oil removal contingency plans 18	Yes	No
	Definition of the authorities, responsibilities and duties of all persons, organizations or agencies which are to be involved in planning or directing oil removal operations.		
(b)	Establishment of notification procedures for the purpose of early detection and timely notification of an oil discharge including:	Ò	
(1)	The identification of critical water use areas to facilitate the reporting of and response to oil discharges.		
(2)	A current list of names, telephone numbers and addresses of the responsible persons (with alternates) and organizations to be notified when an oil discharge is discovered.		
(3)	Provisions for access to a reliable communications system for timely notification of an oil discharge, and the capability of interconnection with the communications systems established under related oil removal contingency plans, particularly State and National plans (e.g., National Contingency Plan (NCP)).		
70-70-00	An established, prearranged procedure for requesting assistance during a major disaster or when the situation exceeds the response capability of the State, local or regional authority.		
	Provisions to assure that full resource capability is known and can be committed during an oil discharge situation including:		
(1)	The identification and inventory of applicable equipment, materials and supplies which are available locally and regionally.		
(2)	An estimate of the equipment, materials and supplies that would be required to remove the maximum oil discharge to be anticipated.		
(3)	Development of agreements and arrangements in advance of an oil discharge for the acquisition of equipment, materials and supplies to be used in responding to such a discharge.		
(d)	Provisions for well-defined and specific actions to be taken after discovery and notification of an oil discharge including:		
(1)	Specification of an oil discharge response operating team consisting of trained, prepared and available operating personnel.		
(2)	Pre-designation of a properly qualified oil discharge response coordinator who is charged with the responsibility and delegated commensurate authority for directing and coordinating response operations and who knows how to request assistance from Federal authorities operating under existing national and regional contingency plans.		
(3)	A preplanned location for an oil discharge response operations center and a reliable communications system for directing the coordinated overall response operations.		
(4)	Provisions for varying degrees of response effort depending on the severity of the oil discharge.		7/2/2
(5)	Specification of the order of priority in which the various water uses are to be protected where more than one water use may be adversely affected as a result of an oil discharge and where response operations may not be adequate to protect all uses.		
(0)	Specific and well defined procedures to facilitate recovery of damages and enforcement measures as provided for by State and local statutes and ordinances.		

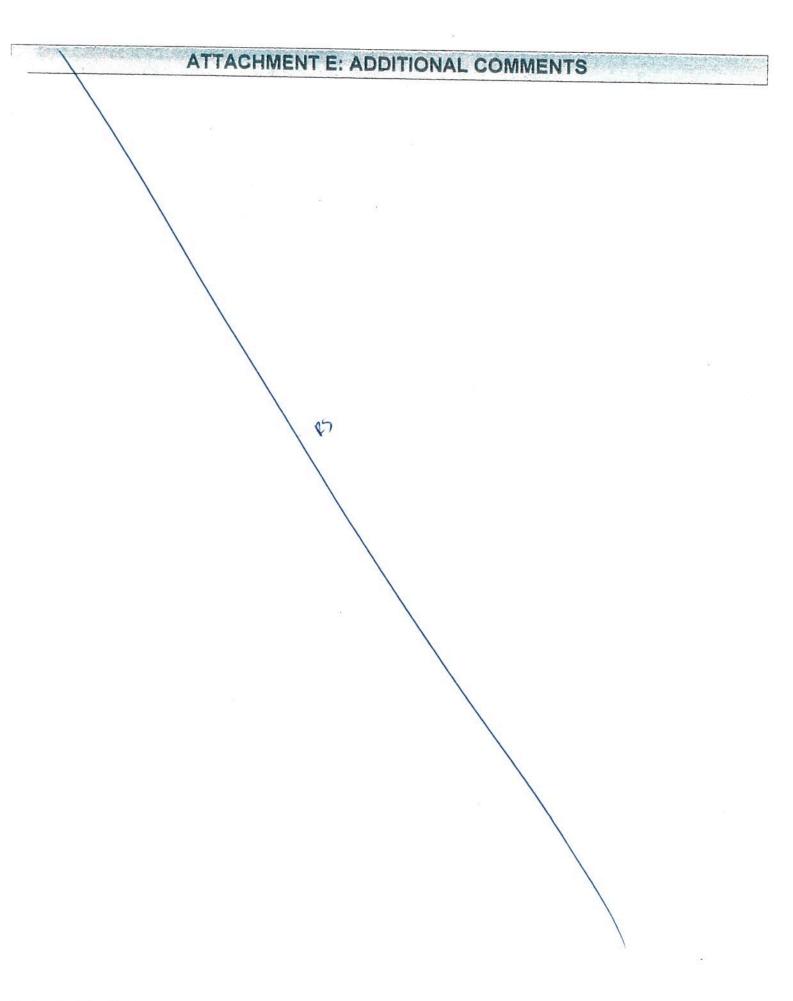
³ The contingency plan should be consistent with all applicable state and local plans, Area Contingency Plans, and the NCP.

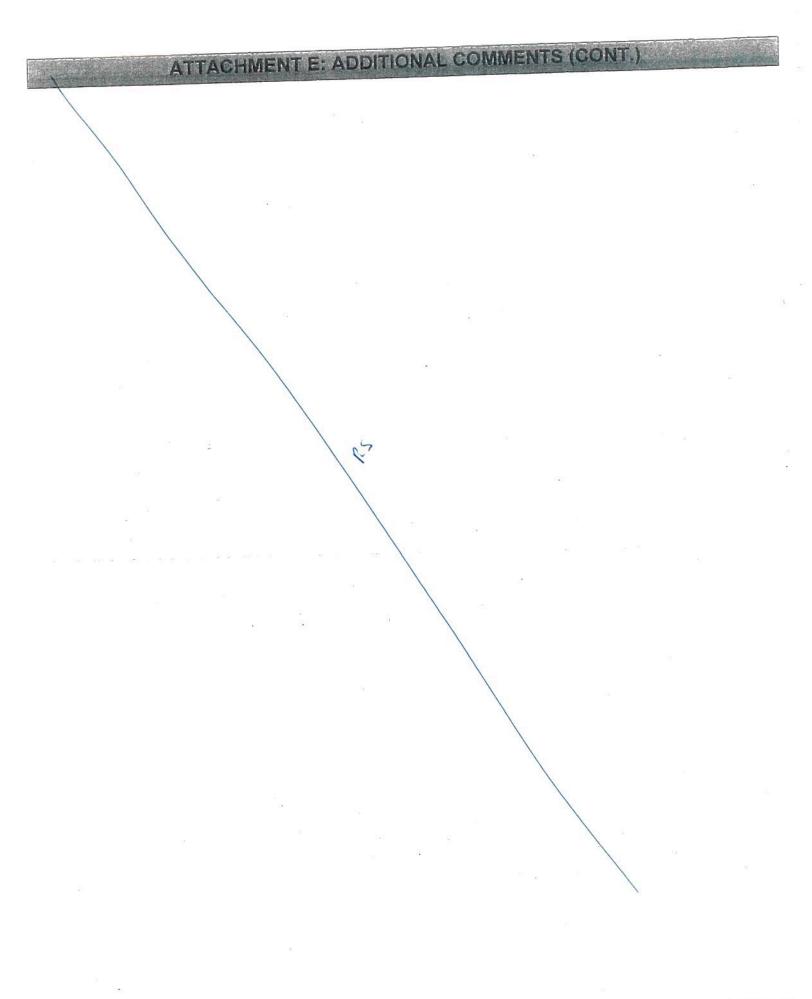
ATTACHMENT D: TIER II QUALIFIED FACILITY CHECKLIST

-	
A	NA
Month	141 6

(i) He or she is familiar with the requirements of 40 CFR part 112 We or she has visited and examined the facility	112.6(6)(1)	FIED FACILITY PLAN REQUIREMENTS —40 CFR 112.6(b) Plan Certification: Owner/operator certified in the Plan that:	
(ii) He or she has visited and examined the facility ** (iii) The Plan has been prepared in accordance with accepted and sound industry practices and standards and with the requirements of this part (iv) Procedures for required inspections and testing have been established Yes No Yes Y	(i)	He or she is familiar with the requirements of to Con-	☐Yes ☐No
(iii) The Plan has been prepared in accordance with accepted and sound industry practices and standards and with the requirements of this part procedures for required in accordance with accepted and sound industry practices and procedures for required inspections and testing have been established (iv) He or she will fully implement the Plan (vi) The facility meets the qualification criteria set forth under §112.3(g)(2) (viii) The Plan does not deviste from any requirements as allowed by §§112.7(a)(2) and 112.7(d). yes No except as described under §112.6(b)(3)(f) or (ii) The Plan and individual(s) responsible for implementing the Plan have the full approval of management and individual(s) responsible for implementing the Plan have the full approval of fully implement the Plan 112.6(b)(2) The Plan and individual(s) responsible for implementing the Plan have the full approval of fully implement the Plan 112.6(b)(3) (iii) The Plan and individual(s) responsible for implementing the Plan have the full approval of fully implement the Plan (iv) A PE cartified a portion of technical amendments is in accordance with the self-certification provisions of \$112.6(b)(1). (iv) A PE cartified a portion of the Plan (i.e., Plan is informally referred to as a hybrid Plan) (iv) The aggregate aboveground oil storage capacity increased to more than 10,000 U.S. gallons are self of the change (if YES) The Gollity no longer meets the Tier II qualifying criteria in §112.3(g)(2) because if exceeds 10,000 U.S. gallons in aggregate aboveground storage capacity. The owner/operator prepared and implemented a Plan within 6 months following the change Yes No Impracticability determination of secondary containment? If YES The Gollity no longer meets the Tier II qualifying criteria in §112.3(g)(2) because if exceeds 10,000 U.S. gallons in aggregate aboveground storage capacity. The owner/operator prepared and implemented a Plan within 6 months following the change Yes No Impracticability determination under §112.7(d)		He or she has visited and examined the feature 19	☐Yes ☐No ☐
standards and with the requirements of this part (iv) Procedures for required inspections and leasing have been established He or she will fully implement the Plan (vi) The Plan does not deviate from any requirements as allowed by §§112.7(a)(2) and 112.7(d), which is a standard or the plan of the plan of the plan have the full approval of particular than an individual (s) responsible for implementing the Plan have the full approval of fully implement the Plan. 112.6(b)(2) The Plan and individual (s) responsible for implementing the Plan have the full approval of fully implement the Plan. 112.6(b)(2) The Plan and individual (s) responsible for implementing the Plan have the full approval of fully implement the Plan. 112.6(b)(2) The Plan and individual (s) responsible for implementing the Plan have the full approval of fully implement the Plan. 112.6(b)(2) The Plan and individual (s) responsible for implementing the Plan have the full approval of fully implement the Plan. 112.6(b)(2) The Plan and individual (s) responsible for implementing the Plan have the full approval of fully implement the Plan (s) the Plan and the fully implement the Plan (s) the Plan and the fully implement the Plan (s) the Plan and the Plan (s) the Plan		The Plan has been propored in account	Yes No
(V) The archity meets the qualification criteria set forth under §112.3(g)(2) (vii) The Plan does not deviate from any requirements as allowed by §§112.7(a)(2) and 112.7(d). (viii) The Plan and individual(s) responsible for implementing the Plan have the full approval of management and the facility owner or operator has committed the necessary resources to family implement the Plan. 112.6(b)(2) Technical Amendments: The owner/operator self-certified the Plan's technical amendments for a change in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential for a change in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential for a change in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential for a change in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential for a change in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential for a S112.1(b) (discharge and the Plan is informally referred to as a hybrid Plan) (i) A PE certified a portion of the Plan (i.e., Plan is informally referred to as a hybrid Plan) (ii) The aggregate aboveground oil storage capacity increased to more than 10,000 U.S. gallons provisions of §112.6(b)(4)(iii) (iii) The aggregate aboveground oil storage capacity increased to more than 10,000 U.S. gallons provisions as a result of the change in exceeds 10,000 U.S. gallons in aggregate aboveground slorage capacity. The owner/operator prepared and implemented a Plan within 6 months following the change and had it certified by a PE under §112.2(b) (design). (if YES (if		The state of the s	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐
(vi) The facility meets the qualification criteria set forth under \$112.3(g)(2) The Plan does not deviate from any requirements as allowed by \$\$112.7(a)(2) and 112.7(d). Yes No except as described under \$112.6(b)(3)(f) or (ii) The Plan and individual(s) responsible for implementing the Plan have the full approval of transgement and the facility owner or operator has committed the necessary resources to fully implement the Plan. 112.6(b)(2) Technical Amendments: The owner/operator self-certified the Plan's technical amendments for a change in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential for a change in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential for a change in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential for a change in facility of inchange in facility inchange in facility inchange in facility inchange in facility of inchange in facility inchange in facility inchange in facility inchange in facility inchange	(17)	Procedures for required inspections and testing have been established	DVes DNe D
(viii) The Plan does not deviate from any requirements as allowed by \$\frac{\chicksin}{\chicksin} \frac{1}{2} \left(0) \rightarrow{\chicksin} \frac{1}{2} \left(0) \right(0) \ri			
(vii) The Plan does not deviate from any requirements as allowed by \$\$112.7(a)(2) and 112.7(d), cvexept as described under \$112.6(b)(3) or (ii) The Plan and individual(s) responsible for implementing the Plan have the full approval of fully implement the Plan and individual(s) responsible for implementing the Plan have the full approval of fully implement the Plan. Technical Amendments: The owner/operator self-certified the Plan's technical amendments for a shange in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential or a change in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential or a change in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential or a change in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential or a change in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential or a change in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential or a change in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential or a change in facility design and maintenance with the self-certification provisions of \$112.6(b)(4). (i) A PE certification of technical amendments is in accordance with the self-certification of the Plan is a required under \$112.6(b)(4)(iii). The aggregate aboveground oil storage capacity increased to more than 10,000 U.S. gallons are required and inplemented a Plan within 6 months following the change and had it certified by a PE under \$112.3(d). The owner/operator prepared and implemented a Plan within 6 months following the change and had it certified by a PE under \$112.3(d). The owner/operator prepared and implemented a Plan within 6 months following the change and had it certified by a PE under \$112.3(d). In practicability determination sor secondary containment? If YES Identify the alternatives in the hybrid Plan: Environmental equivalent alternative measure, and how it offers equivalen	(VI)	The facility meets the qualification criteria set forth under §112.3(g)(2)	
The Plan and individual(s) responsible for implementing the Plan have the full approval of fully implement and he facility owner or operator has committed the necessary resources to fully implement the Plan. 112.6(b)(2) Technical Amendments: The owner/operator self-certified the Plan's technical amendments for a change in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential or a change in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential or a change in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential or a change in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential or provisions of §112.6(b)(1). A PE certified a portion of the Plan (i.e., Plan is informally referred to as a hybrid Plan)	(VII)	The Plan does not deviate from any requirements as allowed by §§112.7(a)(2) and 112.7(d), except as described under §112.6(b)(3)(i) or (ii)	Yes No D
for a change in facility design, construction, operation, or maintenance that affected potential or a §112.1(b) discharge Certification of technical amendments is in accordance with the self-certification provisions of §112.6(b)(1). (i) A PE certified a portion of the Plan (i.e., Plan is informally referred to as a hybrid Plan) The PE also certified technical amendments that affect the PE certified portion of the Plan as required under §112.6(b)(4)(ii) The aggregate aboveground oil storage capacity increased to more than 10,000 U.S. gallons The facility no longer meets the Tier II qualifying criteria in §112.3(g)(2) because it exceeds 10,000 U.S. gallons in egglegate aboveground storage capacity The owner/operator prepared and implemented a Plan within 6 months following the change if exceeds 10,000 U.S. gallons in egglegate aboveground storage capacity The owner/operator prepared and implemented a Plan within 6 months following the change if exceeds 10,000 U.S. gallons in egglegate aboveground storage capacity The owner/operator prepared and implemented a Plan within 6 months following the change if exceeds 10,000 U.S. gallons in egglegate aboveground storage capacity The owner/operator prepared and implemented a Plan within 6 months following the change if exceeds 10,000 U.S. gallons in egglegate aboveground storage capacity The owner/operator prepared and implemented a Plan within 6 months following the change if exceeds 112.7(g) in prepared capacity in the exceeds 112.7(g) III in prepared capacity in the exceeds 112.7(g) III in prepared capacity in the prepared and implemented a Plan within 6 months following the change if exceeds 112.7(g) II in prepared capacity in the exceeds 112.7(g) II in prepared capacity in		The Plan and individual(s) responsible for implementing the Plan have the full approval of management and the facility owner or operator has committed the necessary resources to fully implement the Plan.	□Yes □No □
Certification of technical amendments is in accordance with the self-certification Yes	112.6(b)(2)	for a change in facility design, construction, operation, or resinteness it is a mendments	☐Yes ☐No ☐
The PE also certified technical amendments that affect the PE certified portion of the Plan as required under §112.6(b)(4)(ii) The aggregate aboveground oil storage capacity increased to more than 10,000 U.S. gallons are suit of the change The facility no longer maets the Tier II qualifying criteria in §112.3(g)(2) because it exceeds 10 000 U.S. gallons in aggregate aboveground storage capacity. The owner/operator prepared and implemented a Plan within 6 months following the change and had it certified by a PE under §112.3(d) Plan Deviations: Does the Plan include environmentally equivalent alternative methods or impracticability determinations for secondary containment? Identify the alternatives in the hybrid Plan: Environmental equivalent alternative method(s) allowed under §112.7(a)(2): Impracticability determination under §112.7(d) For each environmentally equivalent measure, the Plan is accompanied by a written stafement by the PE that describes: the reason for nonconformance, the alternative measure, and how it offers equivalent environmental protection in accordance with §112.7(a)(2): For each secondary containment impracticability determination, the Plan explains the reason for the impracticability determination and provides the alternative measures to secondary containment required in §112.7(d) PE certifies in the Plan that: He/she or a representative agent has visited and examined the facility The alternative method of environmental equivalence in accordance with §112.7(d) is consistent with good engineering practice, including consideration of applicable industry standards, and with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 112.		 Certification of technical amendments is in accordance with the self-certification provisions of §112.6(b)(1). 	□Yes □No □
The PE also certified technical amendments that affect the PE certified portion of the Plan as required under §112.6(b)(4)(ii) The aggregate aboveground oil storage capacity increased to more than 10,000 U.S. gallons are suit of the change The facility no longer maets the Tier II qualifying criteria in §112.3(g)(2) because it exceeds 10 000 U.S. gallons in aggregate aboveground storage capacity. The owner/operator prepared and implemented a Plan within 6 months following the change and had it certified by a PE under §112.3(d) Plan Deviations: Does the Plan include environmentally equivalent alternative methods or impracticability determinations for secondary containment? Identify the alternatives in the hybrid Plan: Environmental equivalent alternative method(s) allowed under §112.7(a)(2): Impracticability determination under §112.7(d) For each environmentally equivalent measure, the Plan is accompanied by a written stafement by the PE that describes: the reason for nonconformance, the alternative measure, and how it offers equivalent environmental protection in accordance with §112.7(a)(2): For each secondary containment impracticability determination, the Plan explains the reason for the impracticability determination and provides the alternative measures to secondary containment required in §112.7(d) PE certifies in the Plan that: He/she or a representative agent has visited and examined the facility The alternative method of environmental equivalence in accordance with §112.7(d) is consistent with good engineering practice, including consideration of applicable industry standards, and with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 112.	(i)	A PE certified a portion of the Plan (i.e., Plan is informally referred to as a hybrid Plan)	Пусс Пы- П
The facility no longer moets the Tier II qualifying criteria in \$112.3(g)(2) because it exceeds 10,000 U.S. gallons in aggregate aboveground storage capacity. The owner/operator prepared and implemented a Plan within 6 months following the change and had it certified by a PE under \$112.3(d) Plan Deviations: Does the Plan include environmentally equivalent alternative methods or impracticability determinations for secondary containment? Identify the alternatives in the hybrid Plan: Environmental equivalent alternative method(s) allowed under \$112.7(a)(2); Impracticability determination under \$112.7(d) Por each environmentally equivalent measure, the Plan is accompanied by a written statement by the PE that describes: the reason for nonconformance, the alternative measure, and how it offers equivalent environmental protection in accordance with \$112.7(a)(2); For each secondary containment impracticability determination, the Plan explains the reason for the impracticability determination and provides the alternative measures to secondary containment required in \$112.7(d) AND PE certifies in the Plan that: (A) Ha/she or a representative agent has visited and examined the facility (C) The alternative method of environmental equivalence in accordance with \$112.7(a)(2) or the determination of impracticability and alternative measures in accordance with \$112.7(d) is consistent with good engineering practice, including consideration of applicable industry standards, and with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 112.	11 165	 The PE also certified technical amendments that affect the PE certified portion of the Plan as required under §112.6(b)(4)(ii) 	Yes No Di
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Interview of the prepared and implemented a Plan within 6 months following the change and had it certified by a PE under §112.3(d) Plan Deviations: Does the Plan include environmentally equivalent alternative methods or impracticability determinations for secondary containment? Identify the alternatives in the hybrid Plan: Environmental equivalent alternative method(s) allowed under §112.7(a)(2); Impracticability determination under §112.7(d) Per each environmentally equivalent measure, the Plan is accompanied by a written statement by the PE that describes: the reason for nonconformance, the alternative measure, and how it offers equivalent environmental protection in accordance with §112.7(a)(2); For each secondary containment impracticability determination, the Plan explains the reason for the impracticability determination and provides the alternative measures to secondary containment required in §112.7(d) AND (i) PE certifies in the Plan that: (A) He/she is familiar with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 112 (B) He/she or a representative agent has visited and examined the facility (C) The alternative method of environmental equivalence in accordance with §112.7(a)(2) or the determination of impracticability and alternative measures in accordance with §112.7(d) is consistent with good engineering practice, including consideration of applicable industry standards, and with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 112.	If YES	The facility no longer meets the Tier II qualifying criteria in §112.3(g)(2) bed it exceeds 10,000 U.S. gallons in aggregate aboveground storage capacitations.	cause
impracticability determinations for secondary containment? If YES Identify the alternatives in the hybrid Plan: Environmental equivalent alternative method(s) allowed under §112.7(a)(2); Impracticability determination under §112.7(d) Yes No		and had it certified by a PE under §112.3(d)	Yes No O
Identify the alternatives in the hybrid Plan: Environmental equivalent alternative method(s) allowed under §112.7(a)(2); Impracticability determination under §112.7(d) For each environmentally equivalent measure, the Plan is accompanied by a written statement by the PE that describes: the reason for nonconformance, the alternative measure, and how it offers equivalent environmental protection in accordance with §112.7(a)(2); For each secondary containment impracticability determination, the Plan explains the reason for the impracticability determination and provides the alternative measures to secondary containment required in §112.7(d) AND (i) PE certifies in the Plan that: (A) He/she or a representative agent has visited and examined the facility (C) The alternative method of environmental equivalence in accordance with §112.7(a)(2) or the determination of impracticability and alternative measures in accordance with §112.7(d) is consistent with good engineering practice, including consideration of accordance with §112.7(d) is	1	accommend to secondary containments	☐Yes ☐No ☐N
Impracticability determination under §112.7(d) Per each environmentally equivalent measure, the Plan is accompanied by a written statement by the PE that describes: the reason for nonconformance, the alternative measure, and how it offers equivalent environmental protection in accordance with §112.7(a)(2): For each secondary containment impracticability determination, the Plan explains the reason for the impracticability determination and provides the alternative measures to secondary containment required in §112.7(d) AND PE certifies in the Plan that: (A) He/she is familiar with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 112 (B) He/she or a representative agent has visited and examined the facility (C) The alternative method of environmental equivalence in accordance with §112.7(a)(2) or the determination of impracticability and alternative measures in accordance with §112.7(d) is consistent with good engineering practice, including consideration of applicable industry standards, and with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 112.	11 1 1 2 3	Identify the alternatives in the hybrid Plan:	E
112.6(b)(4) For each environmentally equivalent measure, the Plan is accompanied by a written statement by the PE that describes: the reason for nonconformance, the alternative measure, and how it offers equivalent environmental protection in accordance with §112.7(a)(2): For each secondary containment impracticability determination, the Plan explains the reason for the impracticability determination and provides the alternative measures to secondary containment required in §112.7(d) AND (i) PE certifies in the Plan that: (A) He/she is familiar with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 112 (B) He/she or a representative agent has visited and examined the facility (C) The alternative method of environmental equivalence in accordance with §112.7(a)(2) or the determination of impracticability and alternative measures in accordance with §112.7(d) is consistent with good engineering practice, including consideration of applicable industry standards, and with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 112.		Environmental equivalent alternative method(s) allowed under §112.7(a)(2);	Dyes DNo DA
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(i) PE certifies in the Plan that: (A) He/she is familiar with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 112 (B) He/she or a representative agent has visited and examined the facility (C) The alternative method of environmental equivalence in accordance with §112.7(a)(2) or the determination of impracticability and alternative measures in accordance with §112.7(d) is consistent with good engineering practice, including consideration of applicable industry standards, and with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 112.		secondary containment required in §112.7(d)	☐Yes ☐No ☐N
 (A) He/she is familiar with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 112 (B) He/she or a representative agent has visited and examined the facility (C) The alternative method of environmental equivalence in accordance with §112.7(a)(2) or the determination of impracticability and alternative measures in accordance with §112.7(d) is consistent with good engineering practice, including consideration of applicable industry 	100		
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(C) The alternative agent has visited and examined the facility The alternative method of environmental equivalence in accordance with §112.7(a)(2) or the determination of impracticability and alternative measures in accordance with §112.7(d) is consistent with good engineering practice, including consideration of applicable industry standards, and with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 112.	(R)	He/she or a representative security and the security and	Yes No DN
determination of impracticability and alternative measures in accordance with §112.7(a)(2) or the consistent with good engineering practice, including consideration of applicable industry standards, and with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 112.	200 P	The alternative method of anxious restriction and examined the facility	☐Yes ☐No ☐N
		consistent with good engineering practice, including consideration of anyticality in the	☐Yes ☐ No ☐ N

⁹ Note that only the person certifying the Plan can make the site visit





ATTACHMENT F: PHOTO DOCUMENTATION NOTES Photographer Name hotow Compass Direction Time of Description Photo Yaken

ATTACHMENT F: PHOTO DOCUMENTATION NOTES (CONT. Description Compass Direction Time of Photographer Photo# Photo Taken Name

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION III

1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103-2029

SUBJECT:	Verbal consent to enter facility to conduct SPCC/FRP Inspection Date:
	Facility Name & Address Tradepoint A Hantic 1600 Sparrows Point Blud. Baltime, MD 21219
FROM:	Office of Enforcement Oil and Prevention Branch (3HS61)
TO:	File for (SPCC# and/or FRP#): SRCC-MD-2017-0000 +
Verbal consent Inspection as f (b) (4) NAME: _ (b) (4)	was granted to EPA personnel to access the property to conduct the SPCC ollows:
DATE: 11	29/16
TIME:q	t5 am
OTHER Facility	Personnel:
	× ×
Other EPA Pers	sonnel: wanda Martinez